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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of Claims will replace all prior versions and listings of Claims in

the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A surgical instrument, comprising:

an end effector configured and adapted to engage tissue; and

a plurality of discrete micro-electromechanical system (MEMS) devices disposed and

spaced apart along an entire a length of the surgical instrument for at least one of sensing a

condition, measuring a parameter and controlling the condition and/or parameter adjacent the

end effector;

wherein each MEMS device is a single integral device that is operationally independent

of other MEMS devices configured to communicate with the surgical instrument and at least one

of the MEMS devices is a two or three dimensional acceleration measuring device for

determining the position of the surgical instrument relative to target tissue, the MEMS devices

including two or three orthogonal assemblies of MEMS devices integrated together to form a two

or three dimensional acceleration measuring device; and

wherein at least one control operation of the surgical instrument is automatically adjusted

based on feedback received from the at least one MEMS device via at least one comparator for

comparing at least one of a second condition and a measured parameter against at least one

predetermined value.

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2. (Original) The surgical instrument according to claim 1, wherein the at least one

MEMS device is operatively connected to the end effector.

3. (Original) The surgical instrument according to claim 2, wherein the at least one

MEMS device is selected from the group consisting of a pressure sensor, a strain sensor, a

displacement sensor, an optical sensor, a biosensor, a temperature sensor, a torque sensor, an

accelerometer, a flow sensor, an electrical sensor and a magnetic sensor for at least one of

sensing, measuring and controlling the associated condition and/or parameter.

4. (Original) The surgical instrument according to claim 3, wherein the surgical

instrument is a surgical stapler and the end effector includes:

a staple cartridge assembly; and

an anvil operatively associated with the staple cartridge, the staple cartridge and the anvil

being movably connected to one another to bring one into juxtaposition relative to the other.

5. (Original) The surgical instrument according to claim 4, wherein each of the

staple cartridge and the anvil define tissue contacting surfaces and the at least one MEMS device

is operatively connected to at least one of the tissue contacting surface of the staple cartridge and

the tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

6. (Currently Amended) The surgical instrument according to claim 5, wherein each

of the plurality of MEMS devices at least a second MEMS device is configured and adapted to

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measure distance between the tissue contacting surface of the staple cartridge assembly and the

tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

7. (Original) The surgical instrument according to claim 6, wherein the MEMS

devices are configured and adapted to measure the amount of pressure applied to tissue clamped

between the tissue contacting surface of the staple cartridge and the tissue contacting surface of

the anvil.

8. (Currently Amended) The surgical instrument according to claim 4, wherein the

MEMS devices are configured and adapted to measure the thickness of the tissue clamped

between [[the]] a tissue contacting surface of the staple cartridge and the tissue contacting

surface of the anvil.

9. (Original) The surgical instrument according to claim 4, wherein the end effector

is configured and adapted to perform an anastomosis.

10. (Original) The surgical instrument according to claim 9, wherein the surgical

instrument is a linear stapler that is adapted to perform an endoscopic gastrointestinal

anastomosis.

11. (Original) The surgical instrument according to claim 9, wherein the surgical

instrument is an annular stapler that is adapted to perform an end-to-end anastomosis.

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12. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 3, wherein the end

effector is a jaw mechanism including a pair of jaw members pivotably coupled to the distal end

of the elongate shaft.

13. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 12, wherein at least one

MEMS device is provided on at least one of the pair of jaw members.

14. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 13, wherein MEMS

devices are provided at least at one of a proximal end, a distal end and along a length of each of

the pair of jaw members.

15. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 14, wherein the jaw

mechanism is configured and adapted to perform an electrosurgical function.

16. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 15, wherein the jaw

mechanism is configured and adapted to deliver electrosurgical energy to a target surgical site.

17. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 3, wherein the surgical

instrument is operatively couplable to a robotic system, wherein the end effector is configured

and adapted to be remotely operated by the robotic system.

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18. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 1, wherein there is

included a loading unit having a proximal end and a distal end, the proximal end being

selectively removably connected to the surgical instrument, the end effector is operatively

connected to and part of the loading unit, and the loading unit includes the at least one MEMS

device.

19. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 18, wherein the end

effector is a surgical stapler including:

a staple cartridge assembly; and

an anvil operatively associated with the staple cartridge assembly, the staple cartridge

assembly and the anvil being movable and jux staposable relative to one another.

20. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 19, wherein each of the

staple cartridge assembly and the anvil define tissue contacting surfaces and wherein at least one

MEMS device is operatively connected to the at least one of the tissue contacting surface of the

staple cartridge assembly and the tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

21. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 20, wherein the MEMS

devices are configured and adapted to measure distance between the tissue contacting surface of

the staple cartridge assembly and the tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

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22. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 20, wherein the MEMS

devices are configured and adapted to measure at least one of the amount of pressure applied to

tissue and the thickness of tissue clamped between the tissue contacting surface of the staple

cartridge assembly and the tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

23. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 18, wherein the loading

unit has an elongate shaft having a distal end, the end effector being operatively connected to a

distal end of an elongate shaft and the staple cartridge and the anvil are oriented transversely

with respect to the elongate shaft.

24. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 18, wherein the end

effector is configured and adapted to perform an anastomosis.

25. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 18, wherein the end

effector is a jaw mechanism including a pair of jaw members pivotably coupled to the distal end

of the elongate shaft.

26. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 25, wherein the at least

one MEMS device is provided on at least one of the pair of jaw members.

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27. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 28, wherein MEMS

devices are provided at least at one of a proximal end, a distal end and along a length of each of

the pair of jaw members.

28. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 27, wherein the jaw

mechanism is configured and adapted to perform an electrosurgical function.

29. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 28, wherein the jaw

mechanism is configured and adapted to deliver electrosurgical energy to the target surgical site.

30. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 3, wherein each of the

plurality of MEMS devices is electrically connected to a control box via a lead wire extending

from the housing.

31. (Withdrawn) The surgical instrument according to claim 3, further comprising:

a control box electrically connected to each of the plurality of MEMS devices via at least

one wire lead.

32. (Withdrawn) A robotic system for performing surgical tasks, comprising:

a frame;

a robotic arm connected to the frame and movable relative to the frame;

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an actuation assembly operatively associated with the robotic arm for controlling

operation and movement of the robotic arm;

a loading unit including an elongate shaft operatively connected to the robotic arm, and

an end effector operatively coupled to a distal end of the elongate shaft and configured to engage

tissue; and

at least one micro-electromechanical system (MEMS) device operatively connected to the

loading unit for at least one of sensing a condition, measuring a parameter and controlling the

condition and/or parameter adjacent the end effector.

33. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, wherein the at least one MEMS

device is selected from the group consisting of a pressure sensor, a strain sensor, a displacement

sensor, an optical sensor, a biosensor, a temperature sensor, a torque sensor, an accelerometer, a

flow sensor, an electrical sensor and a magnetic sensor, for at least one of sensing, measuring

and controlling an associated condition and/or parameter.

(Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, wherein the end effector includes a 34.

pair of jaw members movably coupled to the distal end of the elongate shaft.

35. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 34, wherein a plurality of MEMS

devices are provided on each of the pair of jaw members.

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36. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 34, wherein a plurality of MEMS

devices are provided at least at one of a proximal end, a distal end and along a length of each of

the pair of jaw members.

37. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, wherein the DLU is connected to

the robotic arm via a bayonet-type connection.

38. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, wherein the end effector is

configured and adapted to perform an electrosurgical function.

39. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, wherein the end effector is

configured and adapted to deliver electrosurgical energy to the target surgical site.

40. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, further comprising a controller

including a processor and a receiver for receiving electrical signals transmitted from the

actuation assembly and for controlling the operation and movement of the loading unit.

41. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, wherein the end effector is selected

from a group consisting of a fastener applier, a surgical stapler, a vessel clip applier and a

vascular suturing assembly.

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42. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, wherein the end effector is a

surgical stapler including a staple cartridge assembly and an anvil operatively associated with the

staple cartridge assembly and in juxtaposition relative to the staple cartridge assembly, and

wherein at least one MEMS device is operatively connected to each of the staple cartridge

assembly and the anvil.

43. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 42, wherein the staple cartridge

assembly defines a tissue contacting surface and wherein at least one MEMS device is

operatively connected to the tissue contacting surface of the staple cartridge assembly.

44. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 43, wherein the anvil defines a tissue

contacting surface and wherein at least one MEMS device is operatively connected to the tissue

contacting surface of the staple cartridge.

45. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 44, wherein the MEMS devices are

configured and adapted to measure distance between the tissue contacting surface of the staple

cartridge assembly and the tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

46. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 44, wherein the MEMS devices are

configured and adapted to measure the amount of pressure applied to tissue clamped between the

tissue contacting surface of the staple cartridge assembly and the tissue contacting surface of the

anvil.

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47. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 44, wherein the staple cartridge

assembly and the anvil are transversely oriented with respect to the elongate shaft.

48. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 44, wherein the staple cartridge

assembly and the anvil are pivotably connected to the distal end of the elongate shaft.

49. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, wherein the end effector is a vessel

clip applier, the vessel clip applier comprising:

a body portion having a distal end and a proximal end, wherein the proximal end is

operatively connectable to the robotic arm; and

a jaw assembly operatively connected to the distal end of the body portion, wherein the

jaw assembly includes a first and a second jaw portion.

50. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 49, wherein each of the first and the

second jaw portions includes at least one MEMS device operatively connected thereto.

51. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 32, wherein the end effector is a

vascular suturing assembly, the vascular suturing assembly comprising:

an elongate body having a distal end and a proximal end, wherein the proximal end in

operatively connectable to the robotic arm; and

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a pair of needle receiving jaws pivotably mounted to the distal end of the elongate body

portion, the pair of needle receiving jaws being configured and adapted to pass a surgical needle

and associated length of suture material therebetween.

52. (Withdrawn) The robotic system of claim 51, further including at least one

MEMS component operatively connected to each of the pair of needle receiving jaws.

53. (Withdrawn) A loading unit for use with a surgical instrument, comprising:

an elongate tubular shaft having a proximal end and a distal end;

an end effector operably connected to the distal end of the tubular shaft;

a connector for connecting the proximal end of the tubular shaft to a surgical instrument;

and

at least one micro-electromechanical system (MEMS) device operatively connected to the

loading unit for at least one of sensing a condition, measuring a parameter and controlling the

condition and/or parameter adjacent the end effector.

54. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 53, wherein the at least one

MEMS device is operatively connected to the end effector.

55. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 54, wherein the at least one of

the MEMS device is selected from the group consisting of a pressure sensor, a strain sensor, a

displacement sensor, an optical sensor, a biosensor, a temperature sensor, a torque sensor, an

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accelerometer, a flow sensor, an electrical sensor and a magnetic sensor for at least one of

sensing, measuring and controlling an associated condition and/or parameter.

56. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 55, wherein the surgical

instrument is a surgical stapler and the end effector includes:

a staple cartridge assembly; and

an anvil operatively associated with the staple cartridge, the staple cartridge and the anvil

being movably connected to one another to bring one into juxtaposition relative to the other.

57. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 54, wherein each of the staple

cartridge and the anvil define tissue contacting surfaces and the at least one MEMS device is

operatively connected to at least one of the tissue contacting surface of the staple cartridge and

the tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

58. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 57, wherein there is a plurality

of MEMS devices connected to the surgical instrument, the MEMS devices being configured and

adapted to measure distance between the tissue contacting surface of the staple cartridge

assembly and the tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

59. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 58, wherein the MEMS devices

are configured and adapted to measure the amount of pressure applied to tissue clamped between

the tissue contacting surface of the staple cartridge and the tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

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60. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 57, wherein the MEMS devices

are configured and adapted to measure the thickness of the tissue clamped between the tissue

contacting surface of the staple cartridge and the tissue contacting surface of the anvil.

61. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 56, wherein the end effector is

configured and adapted to perform an anastomosis.

62. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 61, wherein the surgical

instrument is a linear stapler that is adapted to perform an endoscopic gastrointestinal

anastomosis.

63. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 62, wherein the surgical

instrument is an annular stapler that is adapted to perform an end-to-end anastomosis.

64. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 55, wherein the end effector is a

jaw mechanism including a pair of jaw members pivotably coupled to the distal end of the

elongate shaft.

65. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 64, wherein at least one MEMS

device is provided on at least one of the pair of jaw members.

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(Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 75, wherein MEMS devices are 66.

provided at least at one of a proximal end, a distal end and along a length of each of the pair of

jaw members.

67. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 53, wherein at least one MEMS

device is a temperature sensing MEMS device.

68. (Withdrawn) The loading unit according to claim 67, wherein the temperature

sensing MEMS device is positioned on and/or encapsulated in thermally conductive tips or

elements, wherein the conductive tips are semi-rigid wires made of shape memory metal for a

particular application, wherein the conductive tips are extendable out from the loading unit and

into the tissue adjoining the loading unit in order to monitor temperature of the tissue adjoining

the loading unit.

69. (Withdrawn) A surgical instrument for use with a loading unit that is operatively

couplable to the surgical instrument and has an end effector with a pair of juxtaposable jaws for

performing a surgical function, the end effector having at least one micro-electromechanical

system (MEMS) device operatively connected thereto for at least one of sensing a condition,

measuring a parameter and controlling the condition and/or parameter adjacent the end effector,

the surgical instrument comprising:

a housing;

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an elongate shaft that extends from the housing and has a distal end operatively couplable

to a loading unit of the above type;

an approximation mechanism for approximating the pair of jaws;

an actuation mechanism for activating the jaws to perform the surgical function; and

at least one micro-electromechanical system (MEMS) device operatively connected to the

surgical instrument for at least one of sensing a condition, measuring a parameter and controlling

the condition and/or parameter adjacent the end effector and for cooperative operation with the at

least one MEMS of the end effector.

70. (Previously Presented) The surgical instrument according to claim 1, wherein a

portion of the plurality of MEMS are positioned on an inner clamping portion of the end effector

of the surgical instrument.

71. (Previously Presented) The surgical instrument according to claim 1, wherein a

portion of the plurality of MEMS are positioned on an elongated body of the surgical instrument.

(Previously Presented) The surgical instrument according to claim 1, wherein a 72.

portion of the plurality of MEMS are positioned on a handle assembly of the surgical instrument.